THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

Vol. 30. SATURDAY, JUNE 8, 1816. No. 46.

PRINTED BY
JOHN SCULL,
Front Street, opposite the Post-Office,
PITTSBURGH.

TERMS OF PUBLICATION.

The Pittsburgh Gazette is published every Saturday Morning, at Three Dollars per annum, payable half yearly in advance.

If the subscriber does not order a discontinuance of his paper at the end of the year, it will be considered as a new engagement.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

First 3 insertions, one dollar per square.
Every subsequent insertion, 25 cents per do.
By the year, 10 dollars per do.

Advertising customers are requested to note the number of insertions on their Advertisements.

HANDBILLS, CARDS, BLANKS,
and Printing in general, executed with neatness and dispatch.

H. BONNET,

HAS just brought to Pittsburgh, and will sell by the Package or Piece, at his Store in Diamond Alley, and as low as in Philadelphia, the change of Bank Notes and Carriage excepted, for Cash or approved Notes, viz :—

SILK, cotton, and thread laces of every kind
Florence, levantine, sattin, senshaw and velvet do.
Galloon, plain and fringed ribbons, do.
Silk cords, chenille, and boot cords
French, Italian, and Canton crapes
Figured silk, and gauze for milliners
Silk and leather gloves
Cotton and silk stockings
Linen cambrick
Bombazine and bombazett
Calicoes of every kind
Cambrick, jaconet and mull muslin
Sewing silk, millinet, and wires
Black and fancy feathers
Silk and Marseilles vesting of any kind
Long cloth and Irish linen
Silk, thread and plated buttons
Real and mock madras handkerchiefs
Flag, and other kind do.
Diaper and brown holland
Pins, cotton balls and hat covers
Ginghams of any kind
Stockinet and Berlin cord
Superfine broad cloth and cassimer
Chambray, striped, and plaid domestic cotton

With many other articles that will suit Country Storekeepers, who will find it their interest to call.

Pittsburgh, April 20, 1816. tf

BEAN & BUTLER,

Have just received and offer for Sale
English Blistered Steel,
American Do. Do. manufactured from Swedish Iron
A few Faggots CROWLY STEEL
A few *Barrels prime* New Orleans SUGAR
100 Barrels SALT
Spanish Platane INDIGO.
Pittsburgh, Dec. 28, 1815.

FRESH GOODS
ROBERT GETTY,

HAS just received and is now opening at his Store, corner of Diamond & Market Street, an extensive and general assortment of
MERCHANDIZE,
CONSISTING OF
Dry Goods, Groceries, Queensware, and Hardware.

Purchased since the late fall of Goods and will be sold unusually low.

BOAT STORES
AND GROCERIES.
R. I. DUNN,

At his Store in Wood-street, near the Ferry.

KEEPS always a constant supply of provisions, Groceries and Liquors, (foreign and domestic) of the best quality.

☞ Boat Stores for gentlemen going down the river, are put up at the shortest notice, and on the most accommodating terms.

Pittsburgh, March 9, 1816. 6m

Greensburgh and Pittsburgh
TURNPIKE ROAD COMPANY.

THE President, Managers and Company have directed the 7th, 8th, 9th and 10th Instalments, of 10 per cent each, on the Capital Stock of the Company, to be paid to the Treasurer, in manner following, viz :—the 7th on or before the 6th of March; the 8th on or before the 6th of May; the 9th on or before the 6th of July; and the 10th and last on or before the 6th of September next—of which the Stockholders will please to take notice.

WILLIAM FREIDT, *Treasurer.*

31 February, 1816. 6m

The above Instalments, if paid within 60 days after the time appointed respectively, will be received by Messrs. Luckey, Stewart, and Morrow.

Steam Saw Mill.

THE Subscribers have for some time had their Works in complete operation, and now come forward to inform the public that they have a complete assortment of LUMBER ready put up; they have two hundred and fifty thousand feet of BOARDS of an excellent quality, forty of which are seasoned and clear stuff; they have cut and put up plank of the best quality, and are ready to fill any orders that may be sent them.

☞ The highest price will be given for good CHERRY and WALNUT LOGS.

ANDERSONS & GRAY.

Pittsburgh, March 13, 1816.

Cotton and Tobacco.

62 Bales Louisiana Cotton,
50 Kegs manufactured Tobacco.

ALSO,

Waldrons and common Scythes,
Sickles and Cutting Knives,
WITH AN ASSORTMENT OF
Wines, Liquors and Groceries,
Hardware, Ironmongery, &c.
FOR SALE, BY
HENRY DOANE.

Pittsburgh, May 10, 1816.

JOHN TOWN,
COPPER SMITH,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public in general, that he has removed his Manufactory from Fourth Street, where he lately carried it on, to the house formerly occupied by Mr. Kean as a Tavern, on the bank of the Monongahela river, near Wood Street, where he offers for Sale on as good terms as any in the place,

STILLS of all sizes in demand
Fullers Kettles
Hatters Plank and Dye Kettles
Copper and Brass Wash do.
Tea Kettles, &c. &c.

All of the same quality as he has heretofore sold.

Also, a general assortment of TIN WARE.

SALT PANS, BREWING KETTLES, and other large work made to order at a short notice.

Two good Workmen at the Copper Business, and four at the Tin, will, if they will call, meet with constant employment and the highest wages.

The highest price given for old Copper Brass and Pewter.

Pittsburgh, April 3, 1816. 3m.

NEW GOODS.

Just received from Philadelphia, an elegant assortment of
British, India and American
GOODS.
Also, a good supply of
Groceries and Queensware.

A few Kegs LEIPER'S PHILADELPHIA TOBACCO.

For Sale by GEORGE WATSON,
Diamond Alley.

Pittsburgh, May 9, 1815. 5t

S. & J. Thompson,
MERCHANT TAYLORS,

South end of Market Street, Pittsburgh,
Have just received a large supply of
Superfine Cloths, Cassimers,

and VESTINGS, of the most fashionable colours and of a very superior quality. Likewise, an assortment of the most fashionable SUMMER STUFFS, MILITARY TRIMMINGS, &c. They have obtained the latest FASHIONS, and have a number of excellent Workmen, which will enable them to fill orders with dispatch.

☞ Six or Eight Journeymen, and One Apprentice, wanted immediately.

Pittsburgh, May 4, 1816.

REMOVAL.

Bradley & Butler,
TAYLORS.

THANKFUL for past favors, inform their Friends, Customers and the Public in general, that they have removed from their old stand to the east side of Market Street, between First and Second Streets, next door to D. S. Scully's Auction Store, where they carry on business as usual, and will be able to execute orders in their line with neatness and dispatch.

They have on hand *SUPERFINE CLOTHS, CASSIMERS, STOCKINET, and VESTING*, which they will sell at a small advance.

Wanted, Four or Five Journeymen, to whom constant employment and good wages will be given.

Pittsburgh, May 2, 1816. tf

FOR SALE.

A VALUABLE *TRACT* of *LAND*, containing 177 acres, situate in Deer township, Allegheny county, adjoining lands of Robert Miller, James Love and others, about 13 miles from Pittsburgh. The improvements consist of two story log dwelling House, and about 15 acres cleared. This tract is considered one of the best in the neighbourhood.

ALSO, FOR SALE,

A LOT of GROUND, in the City of Pittsburgh, being 46 feet front on Irwin Street and 64 feet deep, on which is erected a two story Frame House, 21 feet front and 32 feet deep, well finished, and other convenient buildings. This Lot is subject to two dollars per foot annually, forever. To suit purchasers I will sell that part of the Lot on which the House stands separately; the residue of the ground will have the advantage of two gables to build to.

ALSO,

A LOT of GROUND, situate in O'Hara's extension of Pittsburgh, being 30 feet in front and 30 feet in depth. On this Lot there is no building, but it has the advantage of two gable ends to build to. It is subject to a yearly rent forever of twenty five dollars.

For terms, which will be made easy, apply at the Office of the Pittsburgh Gazette, or to the subscriber living on the premises in Irwin treet.

RICHARD LEWIS.

Pittsburgh, April 15, 1816.

FRESH GOODS
OF THE LATE IMPORTATIONS.

Just received and opened by the subscribers'—at their

WHOLESALE STORE,
In Wood, between Front & Second-streets,
A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF
DRY GOODS
AND
HARDWARE.
AMONG WHICH ARE,

German scythes and Mailand whet-stones—German and English steel, of superior quality—Looking-glasses of various kinds, &c. &c Which they offer for sale, on accommodating terms.

CHARLES L. VOLZ, & Co.

Pittsburgh, April 27, 1816. 3m

WANTED,

10,000 Merchantable Deer-skins, for which a generous price will be given—if delivered within a month from this day.

C. L. V. & Co.

Pittsburgh Drug and Paint Warehouse

AVERY & STEVENSON,
Wholesale and Retail Druggists,

INFORM *PHYSICIANS, DRUGGISTS, PAINTERS*, and all dealers in the Drug and Paint line, that they have for Sale, at their Warehouse, corner of Wood and Second Streets, *Pittsburgh*, an extensive assortment of
Medicines, Drugs, Paints, Oils, Dye Stuffs, &c.
WARRANTED OF PRIME QUALITY.

AVERY & STEVENSON, intending an extensive business, have made such arrangements as will insure them, at the lowest rates, (by importations, &c.) a regular supply of the best MEDICINES, PAINTS, &c.—and they pledge themselves to supply western orders without delay, at as low prices as will be done by the Druggists of Philadelphia and Baltimore, with the addition of carriage only.

A CONSTANT SUPPLY OF
Stevenson's White Lead,
Warranted equal to any in the United States.

WILLIAMS'S
Wholesale and Retail Store,
Market, between 3d & 4th streets.
SPRING GOODS.

20 PACKAGES of the latest importations, just received and now opening, at the above Store, being an extensive assortment of *Fancy* and *Staple* articles, suitable for the present and approaching season, which are offered on terms, the most accommodating.—Country merchants, wishing to renew their assortments, will find it their interest to call and examine the above. The assortment for retailing, is *compleat*—and sold on the very lowest terms.

Extra superfine blue and black cloth	Extra and common calicoes
Fine and coarse do,	Do. furniture do.
Coatings & cassinetts	Furniture dimity
Vestings, 1st quality silk and worsted	Cambrick do.
Coarse stock do.	Gingham
Blue, black, drab mixed, buff, white, scarlet cassimeres, &c.	Fancy muslins
Petisse cloths & flannel	Cambrick do.
	4, 6, 8 & 10 1-4 diaper, &c. &c. &c.
Leventine silks	Italian & Canton crapes
Florences	Large assortment silk shawls and hand'kfs.
Shenshaws	Long and short silk gloves
Mantuas	Silk hose
Florentines	Laces, &c. &c.
Chinnelis	
Sasenetts	

GROCERIES.

Coffee	Rice
Teas	Allspice
Copperas	Pepper
Alum	Cinnamon
Madder	Cloves
Indigo	Nutmegs
Segars	Tobacco.
Chocolate	

Assortment of
HARDWARE AND CUTLERY.

New-Orleans Sugar by the bbl.

By the Crate, QUEENSWARE, well assorted for Country Merchants.

WHISKEY by the Barrel.

N. B. Those indebted to the subscriber, will please take notice, that ALL accounts, not satisfactorily settled by middle of April, coming—will, without distinction, be left with proper officers for collection.

ELIAS WILLIAMS.

Pittsburgh, March 16, 1816.

PITTSBURGH
Soap & Candle Manufactory,
SECOND, BETWEEN FERRY AND MARKET STREETS.

THE Subscriber having considerably enlarged his Works, is ready to receive orders for supplying SOAP, hard or soft, which he engages to deliver on as good terms as can be procured from any other quarter.

Large speculations for the purpose of sending over the mountains, having drained the necessary supplies of Tallow from the market, obliges him to apologise for his present inability to supply the demand for Candles. He hopes his friends will see the necessity of prompt payment, in order to prevent in future such a procedure, to counteract which is indispensably necessary, as it is a fact beyond doubt that the markets at the most productive seasons are barely sufficient to meet the increasing wants of the inhabitants, in an article so necessary.

NICHOLAS O'CALLAGHAN.

May 10, 1816.

Storage and Commission
WAREHOUSE,
BY JESSE REEDER,

WHO has again resumed the Storage and Commission Business, in his well known Warehouse above the Steam Mill, in Cincinnati, where he can load and unload boats without the expence of drayage, the only Warehouse in the place where this expence can be saved.

Merchants and Boatmen may always depend on every attention in forwarding and transacting all concerns entrusted to him.

April 1816. 8t

Kentucky White Lead.

256 Kegs ground in Oil,
5,600 Pounds Dry, for Sale, by
ALLEN & GRANT.

Pittsburgh, 25th May, 1816.

An Apprentice to the Printing Business will be taken, if application is immediately made. Apply at the Office of the Pittsburgh Gazette.

Valuable Property for Sale.

THE Subscriber will Sell the whole or any part of the following described Valuable Property, viz :—

A LOT OF GROUND, situated at the corner of Smithfield and Second Streets, in the City of Pittsburgh, containing 50 feet in front on Smithfield Street, and 66 and an half feet in depth. This Lot can be conveniently divided into two handsome building Lots of 25 feet front each; and the scite of the Bridge over the Monongahela River being fixed at the mouth of Smithfield Street, renders them eligible stands for Mercantile, Manufacturing, or Mechanical business.

THREE LOTS OF GROUND in the City of Pittsburgh—one fronting on Second Street, opposite the New Market, fronting a square of 100 feet wide extending to Smithfield Street, containing 40 feet front on Second Street, and extending in depth towards Front Street 65 feet, on which is erected a large and commodious Warehouse, suitable for any person engaged in Commission business—and its vicinity to the river, renders it peculiarly advantageous to mercantile men. The other two Lots are situated on the north side of Front Street—one of them containing 40 feet front on Front Street, and extending in depth towards Second Street 65 feet, on which is erected a large two story Frame Dwelling House, recently occupied by Thomas Bracken—the other adjoining the above 20 feet in front on Front Street, and 65 feet deep; both eligible situations for business

Also, *AN OUT LOT*, adjoining the City, containing about 16 acres, and adjoining property belonging to Doctor George Stevenson, and James R. Butler, bounded on the Monongahela river, and the public road leading to the Turnpike at Thompson's Lane. This Lot is in the highest state of cultivation, with a thriving young Orchard of the best grafted fruit, a Brick Spring House, over one of the finest springs in the Western Country, and a variety of other improvements. This Lot will be Sold either in whole, or be divided into small Lots, to suit purchasers, a plan of which may be seen on application to the subscriber.

The whole of the above described property, recently belonged to the late Thomas Bracken. The terms will be liberal and accommodating to purchasers. Any person wishing to view any part of the property, will apply to the subscriber, or those on the premises.

DAVID PRIDE.

Pittsburgh, April 3, 1816.

ROSIN SOAP.

ORMSBY & DOANE have just received a supply of ROSIN SOAP, which they offer for Sale. *Also,*
21 Kegs superior manufactured TOBACCO.

Pittsburgh, April 20, 1816.

20 Bales New-Orleans Cotton,

10,000lbs. Campeachy Logwood,
Just received for Sale, by
ALLEN & GRANT.

Pittsburgh, 18th April, 1816.

SPECIE.

The highest Premium given for SPECIE,
By BOSLER & CO.

Pittsburgh, 17th May, 1816.

WHO HAVE FOR SALE,
PRIME COTTON,
NEW-ORLEANS SUGAR,
PIG LEAD,
KENHAWA SALT,
SPANISH HIDES,
QUEENSWARE, by the Crate,
LOGWOOD, SHOT, &c. &c. &c.

Farmers and Mechanics Bank of Pittsburgh,

May 6, 1816.

THE Board of Directors have this day declared a dividend of three per centum on the Capital Stock of this Bank, which will be paid to the Stockholders or their Representatives any time after the 16th inst.

G. LUCKEY, *Cashier.*

NOTICE.

THE partnership of TREVOR & ENCELL, in carrying on the FLINT GLASS WORKS on the bank of the Monongahela River opposite to Pittsburgh, is dissolved as far as respects all future contracts to the business of said Works. Contracts heretofore made will be fulfilled and executed by the old firm.

All persons having demands against us, will present them for settlement, and those who are indebted to us will please make immediate payment to J. B. Trevor, who is authorised to settle all accounts.

JOHN B. TREVOR,
JOHN ENCELL.

May 1, 1816. 3t

TO RENT,

A Brick House, situate on the corner of Fourth Street and Chancery Lane.

Apply to,
GEORGE POE, Jr.

Pittsburgh, May 10, 1816.

John B. Trevor,

Having sold his Share in the Glass Manufactory heretofore conducted under the Firm of TREVOR & ENCELL, the business of said Establishment, in its various branches, is now carried on by

BOLTON, ENCELL & CO.
GLASS MANUFACTURERS,
AND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

At their commodious Warehouse in Wood Street, near the Monongahela Ferry; where they offer for Sale a general assortment of
Plain and Cut Flint Glass.

Orders for GLASS shall be executed with care and despatch, and GOODS and MERCHANDIZE received, stored and forwarded on the usual terms of Commission.

Having made arrangements for a regular supply of WINDOW GLASS and GREEN BOTTLES, *Bolton, Encell & Co.* will shortly be able to furnish their Customers with all kinds of Articles in the Glass line of business.

Pittsburgh, May 1, 1816.

London Particular,
MADEIRA,
LISBON,
PORT AND TENERIFFE, } WINES.

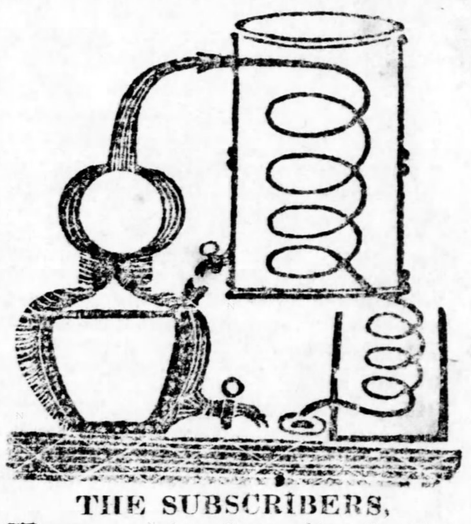
Four proof COGNIAC BRANDY, by the barrel, half barrel, or quarter.
LUMP SUGAR in barrels,
First quality HAVANNA SEGARS, by th box and half box,
MADDER in barrels,
To be Sold on Commission by D. S. SCULLY,
Market Street, Pittsburgh.

A constant supply of the above Articles, together with a general assortment of *GROCERIES* of the best quality, and on the most liberal terms, to be had at the above Store.

N. B. The highest premium given for GOLD and SILVER.

D. S. SCULLY.

Pittsburgh, May 22, 1816. tf



THE SUBSCRIBERS,

HAVING entered into Partnership, inform their Customers and others, that they carry on their Business at G. MILTENBERGER'S Old Stand, next door to the Post-Office, under the firm of
Neal & Miltenberger,
where they manufacture and keep for Sale
Copper and Tin Wares,

of every description. They have now on hand a large supply of good COPPER, well assorted, and suitable for all kind of work; also, a number of STILLS, with WORMS complete.

They have likewise a
BRASS FOUNDERY,

in complete operation, where *Bells, Candlesticks, Andirons, Still Cocy Rivets* and *Castings* of every kind will be executed in the neatest manner.

Having made arrangements to be regularly supplied with good
Japanned Ware.

they will be able to furnish their Customers and others, with assortments on reasonable terms.

REUBEN NEAL,
GEORGE MILTENBERGER.

Pittsburgh, June 1, 1816.

N. B. They have just received a consignment of
Gilt Coat Buttons,

from the Manufactory in Connecticut, which they offer for Sale at the Philadelphia prices, with the addition of carriage.

FOR SALE.

A TRACT OF LAND, containing 300 Acres, situate in Ohio Township, Allegheny County, about 4 miles from the Ohio River, at present occupied by William Kidd, who will shew the land to any person wishing to purchase. For terms apply to the subscriber, living in Fayette township, Allegheny County.

KILLIAN LONG.

May 21, 1816.

Farmers and Mechanics Bank of Pittsburgh,

May 14th, 1816.

THE Sixth Instalment on the Capital Stock of this Bank, amounting to Two Dollars & an Half on each Share, is required to be paid on or before the 15th day of June next.

By order of the Board of Directors,
G. LUCKEY, Cashier.

Fulling Mill.

THE Subscriber wishes to inform his friends and the public that he has returned from England, has taken the Fulling Business into his care, and for the future intends to conduct it himself. He has brought with him an experienced sober workman, who has been regularly brought up to the business in England, to be his foreman.

Those who intrust Cloth to his care, may depend upon having it finished with neatness and dispatch, at all seasons, at the usual prices.

Cloth taken in at the Mill on the Allegheny River, two miles above Pittsburgh.

JOSEPH WAINWRIGHT.

Winterton Mill, May 27, 1816.

FOR SALE,

A STOUT healthy Negro WOMAN. She was 21 years old the 6th day of March last, and has to serve until 28. For particulars enquire of the Subscriber.

LEWIS PETERS.

Pittsburgh, May 30, 1816.

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETE.

SATURDAY, JUNE 8, 1816.

We have been allowed, says the Boston Daily Advertiser, the perusal of the Manuscript notes of an intelligent traveller lately returned from Europe, and have been permitted to make extracts from them. They contain a fund of useful information relative to the countries which he visited, accompanied with remarks which his attentive observation and extensive information have rendered highly valuable.

Extracts from the Memoranda of a Traveller in Europe, in 1815 *and* 1816.

ALENCON, Sept. 1, 1815.—The roads are full of Prussian troops, 50,000 having been sent to Bretagne. Heavy contributions are levied for their support.—Soldiers are well dressed and disciplined—blue frock coats and linen pantaloons, shoes strongly nailed like French shoes in Bretagne, though most of the peasants wear wooden ones—guns excellent, locks well covered with leather, buttoned over them—bayonets rather short----cavalry of various descriptions-----light, with pikes, having red and white *fancons* or little flags, sword and pistols----cuirassiers with long swords. Prussian officers have strong iron stays or cuirasses—hussars very elegant—have large grey fur caps—all the soldiers were brass medals; having their time of service marked on them—are generally very young.

Sept. 8.—Go to Vertus, 30 leagues from Paris, to attend the review of the Russian army. Was detained for passports, and arrived at the middle of the first day's review. Have a view of the Emperors, &c. Cossac artillery—line of 160,000 Russians, fine, young athletic men, in elegant and neat uniforms. The Cossacks are now generally enrolled in regular cavalry, well armed, and well mounted, in uniform, with spears and without *fancons* like the Prussians and Poles. The troops wheel in the English mode, employ markers.

On the second day, the whole army formed seven divisions in hollow squares, *wanting one side*, round magnificent green marquees. The review of both days was on the beautiful and endless plains of Champagne, overlooked by two very elegant heights filled with spectators. The whole army went through a religious ceremony, the mass of the Greek church. The priests were in long silk gowns, generally of black, but some russet, with very long thick beards.—The whole army partook of the ceremony with hats off, and with great solemnity. The Emperor Alexander resembles the pictures we see of him, smiling and bowing to every group of strangers, and without any apparent taste for military matters, conversing with those about him, and looking at every thing but the army. The Emperor of Austria is thin and grave; was dressed in elegant uniform. Neither Emperor was distinguishable by his exterior from their officers; except Alexander by a blue sash, and Francis by a red one, with a white stripe in the middle. The King of Prussia and Lord Wellington were present, and the English Lady Shelby.----She is an elegant rider, was in a plain dress, mounted on an uncommonly fine horse, leaped ditches in fine style, and rode with the Emperors, &c. Wellington was in a plain military dress, without epaulets.

Sept. 20.—Attended the English review at St. Denis, of 60,000 men, including a few Belgians and Brunswickers. The cavalry were very splendid and perfect. The artillery apparently perfect, but their caissons said not to be as convenient in manœuvring as the Prussian, which are on two wheels.----The English caissons are divided into two boxes on each axletree, the axletree connected by a pole with the joint in the middle, and surpass the French much in manœuvring. The infantry were not remarkably nice in the smaller tactics, but generally correct. Each platoon officer was covered by a sergeant with a long pike. Lord Wellington was on a small grey horse, kicking and headstrong----rides rapidly but carelessly, easing himself awkwardly by resting on the stirrups; his dress was very plain, without plume or epaulettes----is about 5 feet 8 inches high, not large, face not very striking. He made no preparations for manœuvres, but showed the principal movements of the battle of Salamanca. Schwartzenburgh was present, is about 50 years old, large, 5 feet 10 inches high, with a lively dark eye, manly heroic expression, and an openness of countenance a little resembling Com. Hull. Lord Cathcart was also present. He is about 50, has very knotty features, dark complexion, hard face, is small and thin. The emperor of Austria was in elegant uniform, white coat and scarlet pantaloons—is about 50, rather thin, has a long face—grave, thoughtful and intelligent, though not strikingly so.

Oct. 6—Depart for Dijon to see the Austrian army, with a French major, and a Swiss officer of the King of Prussia's guards. The first was in the campaign of Moscow; says that not near all the French army were engaged in the battle of Moscow; three bridges were thrown over the river Berezina in 10 hours, the river 30 toises wide. He was wounded badly at Waterloo; French cavalry charged often through the English cavalry and infantry. The French used no rifles and few lancers. He says the Cossacks are good against cavalry only, that they will not stand fire—nor the Russian trailleurs in the open spaces—in square fire, do not load for the 2d, both manœuvre by guides.

The Austrian park of artillery is immense; many licorns and a great number of French pieces. The carriages are too slight, and have wooden axletrees. All the caissons and baggage waggons are of wicker work. The troops seem inferior to the other allied troops, though generally stouter men. The head quarters are the most beautiful encampments that can be imagined, formed of green boughs; and immense quantities of twigs arrang'd in all shapes, forming arches, columns, national coats of arms of the allies, lions, eagles, stags, &c. in high taste. The Austrian picked troops, guards of infantry and cavalry, are the finest looking troops I have seen in Europe.

Oct. 12—In the Diligence met three French captains about 40 years old returning home, one after an absence of 7 years, one of 11, and the other of 12—also a nun, who was smart, talkative, intelligent and inquisitive—rather handsome, in full dress, with beads, death heads, crosses, white cap, or kind of cape bonnet She read her prayer book two or three times a day and crossed herself at every crucifix, they being frequent on the road. She had not taken vows for life. The sisterhood are employed generally in school keeping, or as nurses in the hospitals. Two of the officers who had been in the army in Spain, complained that Bonaparte was prejudiced against that army, and gave them no promotion, decorations or pay. The third had served under Murat at Naples, called Murat hot-headed, but Caroline, able, popular, and the favourite of Napoleon—she is generally esteemed a dissolute character. Their son, 11 years old, is a fine horseman, and can manœuvre a regiment well.

From the Raleigh (N. C.) *Minerva, May* 17.

A PROTEST.

We the undersigned Grand Jurors drawn from the counties of Wake, Franklin, Granville, Orange, Chatham, Cumberland and Johnston, of the Circuit Court of the United States of America, for the district of North Carolina, feeling a deep concern for the welfare of the American people, and knowing that we are called together only for the special purpose of protecting their institutions and laws against the influence crimes, have nevertheless felt ourselves bound on this occasion to extend our enquries beyond those limits which our official duties prescribed to us. We lament that it ever should become necessary that any of the judicial institutions of our government should impose a moral control over the conduct of its administration; for we hold it as a maxim of vital interest to the American people, that each planetary part of their government should move uncontrolled in its own orbit. yet whenever these political spheres are transcended, we hold it the duty of all subordinate institutions to guard themselves by constitutional means against the licentiousness of such abberrations. Feeling ourselves placed in this situation, we are now compelled to animadvert in a firm, calm & dispassionate manner, upon the late high handed procedure in our own Legislature and in Congress, to control the free exercise of the elective franchise, by attempting to impose upon the American people a President not of their own choice. As freemen we can't but view with horror and abhorrence the frequent appearance of that political demon among us denominated a *Caucus*. We view with dreadful forebodings its baneful influence—Already have we seen it lifting its hydra head in the sanctuaries of our laws, and so extending its pollution through every channel of our social compact, that we are a loss to fix bounds to its menacing evils. We must therefore, as a body of American freemen, expose our sentiments to the world upon such a dangerous procedure; and lest a concealment of these opinions should be construed into an acquiescence on our parts, we beg leave to prefer this our solemn protest against all caucuses whatever, as inconsistent with the independence of our Republican institutions, and direct invasions of the Elective Franchise, the great safeguard of our freedom, but particularly against those caucuses held by our last Legislature, and Congress on the subject of a presidential election.—We go further; we protest against the electoral law passed at the last legislature, as calculated to stifle the voice of the minority by creating an overwhelming influence in the majority—and the alteration of the per diem pay of the members in congress, to a stated annual salary of fifteen hundred dollars.—We call them high-handed measures, to keep the ruling men in power; 1st, because a majority of the citizens of the United States adopted our present constitution, which provides that the election of president shall be vested in the people—every indirect method therefore of controlling that right by influencing and misleading the minds of the people, contravenes that constitution which is our only law. To keep *that* inviolable is surely our greatest safety, but a *caucus*, the most powerful of all political engines, wrests it entirely from the people, and can at all times place it in the hands of faction, who can always succeed by professions of honesty, in duping and corrupting the unsuspicious nature of an unenlightened community. Knowing the powerful agency of such an engine, we think the members of congress have exerted it for that pernicious purpose; if not, still we cannot sanction its practice, lest it might be perverted to evil. A few influential men in congress who lead their party *there*, who govern in turn the sentiments of *their* constituents, can always control by these means the election of president. 2d. The alteration of the per diem pay of members of congress to an annual salary we view as the counterpart of caucusing and as having a terrible squinting at aristocracy—it certainly has its two constituent parts wealth and power—without an union of the two an aristocracy could not exist. Are we not strongly premonished that such must be the tendency of caucuses composed of congressmen to nominate a president, and sinecures to men who are sent to make us laws. It is an encroachment of the democratic estates of our government upon the executive, which we fear is the rock upon which our republican institutions will one day be wrecked. We fear it will induce stronger temptations to bribery and corruption, by enabling those who are in congress to retain their seats by purchasing the votes of their constituents. But the consequence most to be deprecated is the neglect of public business which we think must ensue, for who will tug out a six months session at congress, when he receives $1500 if he remains but a week? A war bill or a tax bill will drive a timid member home, who fears his vote should be known to the doubtful sentiments of his constituents. Where is our security for their services? We see none. Daily wages are changed into salaries of office—the simple habits of republicans into the emoluments of power—and he who serves his country in congress, but *a day*, is better rewarded than the poor soldier who fights her battles for a year.

If then, American freedom is to be cloven down by such insidious measures, let not the curse fall upon us—nor let it be said, we stood by and saw the citadel of her liberties in flames, and dared not bring the wicked incendiary to justice.

Lewis R. Henry, foreman,
John Hambrough,
Thomas Cooke
H. H. Cooke,
Green Hill, jun.
Wm. W. Bryan,
John Stephens, jun.
Wm. Scott,
Thomas Roundtree,
Thomas Roycraft.

Exceptions to general ticket.

Thomas Henderson,
P. Benjamin.

From the Norfolk Beacon of May 18.

LATEST FROM ENGLAND.

The fine fast sailing ship Indian Chief, captain Watson, arrived in Hampton Roads yesterday, after a passage of 36 days from London.

LONDON, April 6.

We received yesterday the Paris papers of Sunday last. They continue remarkably barren.—An Ordonnance of the King is stated to have been issued, for reorganizing the Legion of Honor, which in future is to consist of an unlimited number of Knights, 2000 officers, 400 commanders, 180 grand officers, and 80 grand crosses.

Letters from Madrid mention, that the infliction of the torture has been re-established in the Spanish tribunals; and they further add, that this has been effected through the exertions and influence of those weathercocks Cevallos, Lardizaval, Colon, and the Inquisitor General. Will this also be a subject of exultation to the ministerial benches?

A Dutch mail arrived this morning, states, that in consequence of the adjustment of the differences between Austria and Bavaria, The German Diet will be opened at Frankfort on the 15th inst.

A letter from Brussels, dated the 30th of March, contains the following statement; "The first Aid-de-Camp of the duke of Wellington is arrived here from Paris, charged with a special mission, the object of which is not known. It seems that the delay of the departure of the duke of Wellington from Paris to review the army of occupation, which has been so often announced, is connected with some affair of great importance, which is not yet sufficiently cleared up."

A morning paper states, that "The last letters from Spain announce an interesting piece of information—the detection of a conspiracy against the life of Ferdinand VII. The city of Madrid, say our correspondents, had been for some time past, more than usually resorted to by discharged Guerilla officers without pay who were known not to be well affected to the king and government. From this circumstance alone, government suspected that some plan was in agitation dangerous to the peace of the city, and set about an inquiry for the means of its detection, when it was found that a conspiracy had been formed for the effecting of some great object, but which, at the time, did not appear. The government by pursuing their enquiries further, ascertained the names of the conspirators, and immediately had them arrested. But the matter did not stop there; for many of the persons arrested had the torture inflicted upon them, according to the former custom of Spain, in order to extort from them the object of the conspiracy. From the declaration of some of the sufferers, it was ascertained that the conspiracy had in view the extinction of the present king of Spain, and their royal highnesses his brothers, &c. Mr. Rechart was the first who underwent the torture. He confessed the object of the conspiracy, and implicated many persons of distinction hitherto not suspected. The torture was next given to Vardiols, who confessed nothing. Gen. O'Donoghue was also destined to bear the torments; but from him the tormentors extorted no information beyond what they already knew. General Renovales, who was implicated, heard of the discovery of the conspiracy in time to escape; and the brother of Calatrava was equally fortunate. Many officers of rank, and subalterns are implicated, and have been arrested. A few hours more, and the conspiracy would have succeeded. The letter which communicates these particulars was forwarded by an indirect channel to England; and intimates that no positive information on the subject could be expected by any *direct channels*, as all letters for France and England were intercepted, to prevent the circulation of the intelligence."

PARIS, April 1.

The judgment which condemned to death General Travot, one of Bonaparte's most active officers, has been reversed by the king's mandate, in consequence of some flaw in the Indictment, or as the French would say, "*Manque de forme.*" A new trial will take place, and it is commonly supposed, that if the General be found guilty, the sentence will be immediately carried into execution. He is now very closely and rigorously confined in a small cell of the prison at Rennes. It appears that an attempt has been lately made by some Jacobins and Bonapartists, to rescue the General. I am unable to give the particulars of this affair, but I understand that in the attack of the prison by the friends of the general, one, two, or more lives were lost.

A Paris paper of April 3, contains the following articles:

"Mrs. Paterson, the daughter of Mr. Paterson, a rich American, is now in this city. She comes to prosecute her claim as the legitimate heir of an ex-king, to the very large estates that he has left in this country. It is expected the trial will come on immediately.

"M. Hyde de Neuville, this day asked the Chamber, to grant him permission to be absent a sufficient time to attend to the mission, conferred upon him by his majesty, as minister to the United States. His request was granted."

Notice is hereby given,

THAT I will attend in person or by deputy, at the Court House in Pittsburgh, on Saturday the 22d day of June, instant; at the house of John Brown, in Ross Township, on Monday the 24th of June; at the house of William Marks, in Robinson Township, on Wednesday the 26th day of June; at the house of James Neal, in M'Kee'sport, on Thursday the 27th day of June; at the house of Joseph Ball, in M'Nair's Town, on Monday the first day of July next; at the Court House, in Kittanning, County of Armstrong, on Thursday the 4th day of July next; and at the House of James Watterson, Sugar Creek Township, same County, on Saturday the 6th day of July next; for the purpose of receiving any information that may be furnished as to the changes which may have taken place in the assessable property of individuals since the last assessment made under the act of January 9th, 1815, and previous to the 1st of June, 1816, which information *must be given in writing*, under the signature of the person whose tax may be affected thereby. These changes extend to

1 Assessable property omitted to be assessed at the preceding assessment, and property that has ceased to be exempted from assessment, such as property belonging to the United States, or a State, or otherwise exempted, which on its transfer becomes assessable. All such property is now to be assessed; but no alteration is to be made in the previous valuation of real estate in virtue of any improvement thereon.

2. Transfers of real estate and slaves, according to which an abatement in the enumerations and the valuations of the person transferring them will be made, and a correspondent increase in the enumerations and valuations of the person to whom the transfer may be made.

3. Changes of residents and non-residents—These changes will merely require a transfer from the list of residents to that of non-residents, or vice versa, as the case may be, of the property in the ownership or agency of which such a change has occurred.

4. The burning or destruction of houses or other fixed improvements of real estate, for which an abatement equal to the injury arising from these causes is to be made.

5. Slaves that have been born, or have died, or have runaway, or have otherwise become useless since the preceding assessment. In these cases, changes in the preceding valuations are only to be made, when the tax chargeable to any person for slaves would be diminished, by the valuation, on the first day of June, of all those (excepting such as have been obtained by transfer) then owned by such person; and the reduction in the valuation, in such event, is to be equal to the difference between the valuation of those owned at the preceding assessment and the existing value of those owned on the first of June, 1816, and an abatement equal to such reduction to be made.

The whole of these changes are to be relative to the first of June, and in all of them the rates of the valuations made under the act of January 9th, 1816, are as near as may be, to be maintained, excepting in two cases: one where a partial alienation of real estate shall occur, in which case as the tax as fixed agreeably to the preceding assessments is to be proportioned among the several parts according to their respective values on the first of June, the proportional value (according to the preceding valuation) at that time of the part alienated, and of the remainder of the property, should be stated: the other respecting slaves (other than such as are transferred within the same collection district) which are to be valued according to their existing value, and slaves that have been born, or have died, or have run away, or have otherwise become useless since the preceding assessment, in which case the course above stated is to be pursued.

Any person becoming the owner of a slave, by transfer to him from a collection district other than that in which he resides, is required under the penalty of ten dollars, to render as aforesaid a statement, specifying the name and sex of such slave, who is to be valued according to his or her existing value.

In all cases in which such information of change in the assessable property of any person, according to the preceding assessment, shall not be so received, such person and property will continue liable to the taxes chargeable thereon agreeably to that assessment.

AND NOTICE, is further hereby given, that I will attend in person or by deputy, at the Court House in Pittsburgh, on Tuesday the 25th of July; at the house of Joseph Ball, in M'Nair's Town, on Friday the 26th July; at the house of John Brown, in Ross Township, on Saturday the 27th July; at the house of William Marks, in Robinson Township, on Monday the 29th July; at the house of James Neal, in M'Kee'sport, on Tuesday the 30th July; at the Court House in Kittanning, on Saturday the 3d August; and at the house of James Watterson, on Monday the 5th August, for the purpose of receiving any appeals that may be made in *writing*, as to the revised enumerations and valuations made in virtue of such changes, which will be open to the inspection of any person who may apply to inspect the same, and a statement of which will be previously made and delivered to each person affected thereby, or be put in the Post Office addressed to him or her, and directed to the Post Office nearest to the abode of such person, agreeably to my best information, except in the case of persons not residing within the collection district.

In the statements furnished by individuals, it will be necessary to specify with precision the property of an individual, as it existed at the time of the preceding assessment, the assessable property omitted then to be assessed and its value; the transfers of real estate and slaves (stating the names and residence of the persons to whom transferred) and their value; the changes of residents and non residents, with their names and residence; and the value of the property; the burning or destruction of houses or other fixed improvements of real estate, with their value; property that has become exempt from taxation, and its value, stating the grounds on which the exemption is claimed, and the state laws by which it is permanently or specially exempted; and the abatement is claimed for slaves that have died, or have run away, or have otherwise become useless since the preceding assessment, the statement must give a list of all the slaves, with their sex and ages (excepting those obtained by transfer) owned by the individual valued according to their value on the first of June 1816, which value must be less than that of the valuation of his slaves at the preceding assessment, to entitle him to an abatement. In all these cases there must be such a specification and description of the property, as it stands on the first of June, 1816, and as it stood at the preceding assessment, as will enable the principal assessor to make proper deductions, in cases where they may be rightfully claimed, and proper charges where they are incurred.

To aid in attaining this precision, the following form is annexed, being that required in the original assessment, and which as near as may be, may serve as a model in drawing out the statements now required from individuals.

RICHARD ROBINSON,
Principal Assessor 17th Col. Dist. Penn.

Pittsburgh, May 30, 1816.

LIST of Lands, lots of ground, with their improvements, dwelling houses and stores, owned by A. B. on the first day of June, 1816, lying and being within the seventeenth district of the state of Pennsylvania, viz: in the *(here insert the township and county in which the property is situated.)*

One farm, *(insert its description, by whom bounded, upon what hill, mountain, highway or water course it is situated,)* containing, *(here insert the number of acres in words at length)* having thereon *(here insert the length, breadth, and height of all the buildings on the farm, and also the materials of which they are built, whether brick, stone, logs or frame.—*Which insertion must include houses, barns, stables, springhouses, distilleries, tanneries, furnaces, forges, grist mills, saw mills, fulling mills, oil mills, paper mills or whatever buildings may be upon the tract or farm.) Valued at $

One dwelling house in the town of *(here insert the town, the street, &c. the materials of which built, the number of stories, the length and depth, the buildings or offices attached, and particularly the extent of the lot on which it stands.)* Valued at $

Two unimproved lots in said town, *(here insert the street on which it stands, and the square feet, perches, or acres.)* Valued at $

Ten slaves of the following description viz:
Males.—1 above 50 years of age,
4 between 12 and 50 years,
2 under 12 years.
Females.—2 between 12 and 50 years,
1 under 12 years,
Valued at $

Total Dollars,

Building Lots for Sale, in the City of Pittsburgh.

SIX LOTS, each 20 feet front on the Allegheny River, and 130 feet deep, adjoining the Lot on which Doctor Stevenson lives, on Penn Street, will be Sold very low. Enquire of either of the Subscribers.

GEORGE SHRAS.
WILLIAM SHRAS.

Pittsburgh, May 23, 1816.

A person who is an accurate Accountant, would be glad to spend several hours each day in keeping the Books of a Counting-house or Manufactory; or, if sufficient encouragement should be offered, he will devote his whole time to that employment.

A note, addressed to A. B. and left at the Gazette Office, will receive immediate attention. May 30, 1816.

FOR SALE.

NINE LOTS of GROUND situate on the Coal Road, on the Hill above Gen. Finnehill's, bounded by Coal Road, Enoch Street and Montgomery Street, and containing from 36 to 50 feet in front, and from 120 to 160 in depth. The terms, which are accommodating, will be made known by the subscriber

ALSO,

Several handsome LOTS in the flourishing and rapidly improving villages of Sidneyville and Birmingham.

Enquire of

JAMES M. RIDDLE.

Pittsburgh, May 24, 1816.

THE GAZETTE.

SATURDAY, JUNE 8, 1816.

CALAMITY.

Inundation at New-Orleans.

The Lexington Kentucky Gazette of the 27th ult. contains the following extract of a letter from New Orleans, under date of May 9.

"The whole of the back part of the Fauxbourg, St. Mary's, is now *under water*, and a considerable part of the rear of the city in a like condition. The cause which has lead to this event is the breaking of the levee at M'Carty's Point, about 6 miles above the city. Early on Sunday morning, the 6th inst. a breach was discovered in the levee; notwithstanding all the force of the adjoining farms were immediately assembled, and very considerable aid afforded from the city, yet they have not been enabled to arrest the progress of the water, and the breach has increased to a distance upwards of 200 feet, with a depth of from 6 to 9 feet, which runs with a velocity almost inconceivable. Great exertions are making with a view of stopping the breach, which I am inclined to believe is practicable, although many differ from me in opinion, and believe it impossible to stop it till the fall of the river, which may not take place sooner than about the first of July, or perhaps somewhat later—Should this be the case, I have no hesitation in saying, that at *least* one third of the city of New Orleans will be under water; in which event you may easily anticipate the dreadful consequences.

At the time I am writing to you the *waters are at my door*, and as soon as I *close this, shall begin* to move to a more elevated part of the city.

The burial ground, in the rear of the city, at this time, is from 3 to 4 feet under water.

I have just returned from the *crevasse*—it is the most formidable one I have ever seen."

Further accounts from N. Orleans of the 11th ult. received by Thursday's mail, state, that one thousand men were engaged in endeavoring to stop the breach, but had made no perceptible impression. Three ships were ordered up from the city, to be sunk in the place. Great distress prevailed, six dollars per day were offering for hands to assist in removing the sufferers and their effects. One account says, that unless the river fell immediately and considerably, three fifths of the city would be inundated.

The principal course of the water is through the cypress swamp, and into the bayou St. John, which is swelled to an alarming height, its banks and the adjacent country being completely overflowed.

Lieut. Richard Smith, indicted in Philadelphia, for the murder of captain Carson, has been found "guilty of murder in the first degree. The verdict was accompanied with a recommendation of mercy.

THE CREEK INDIANS,

Charleston, (S. C.) May 20.

On Friday last, an express arrived in this city to col. King, commandant on this station, stating some hostile movements of those infatuated beings, and the apprehension of an attack on Fort Hawkins. Some rumors have been afloat within a few days that this fort had been taken; but the express arrived direct from that post, and the most important occurrence that had taken place was, as far as we can learn, the surprising and taking prisoners of a few of our men. This morning, two hundred men, under the immediate command of Capt. Cummings, departed hence for fort Hawkins, taking with them only a blanket and one suit of clothes each. The greatest difficulties have been found in procuring wagons to take on provisions for these troops, notwithstanding great offers have been made. Capt. Donoho's company of artillery, and lieut. commandant Brown's corps of do. are under orders, to march at an hour's notice. Colonel King, we understand, will also proceed immediately.

SIGNS OF THE TIMES.

We hope that our friends and patrons will forgive us if we occasionally draw our eyes from the dusty and perturbed scene of political debate, to fix them on a purer atmosphere. Political events, the overthrow and re-establishment of states, kingdoms and empires, are but events in Almighty hands, for the accomplishment of his own purposes. To endeavour to fathom the depth of his omnipotent designs is no less impious than presumptious; but when we are informed by the volume of divine revelation, that events will be accomplished, which yet remain to be done, it is conceived, that there is nothing impious in tracing the progressive harmony of the prophecies and facts of which we are witnesses. There is scarcely any event predicted but is writ in such legible and brilliant characters, as the return of the Jews to Jerusalem. Over the tomb of our Redeemer, in the very spot where once stood the temple hallowed by the more immediate presence of the Deity, in the valley of Jehosaphat, the gloomy and fanatic disciple of Mahomet, is at this very moment uttering his maledictions, unfortunately, against the Christians and the Jews. With no less impiety did the French renounce their Creator, proclaim death an eternal sleep, and labour for the extirpation of the Christian religion. An Atheistic philosophy was struggling to extirpate every vestige of Christianity, from the throne to the cottage. After the fiery whirlwind had swept in its ravages the continent of Europe, it bent its course towards Egypt. The plains once trodden by the feet of the Apostles, were now polluted by Bonaparte's; it was in that spot, when surrounded by his brother infidels in arms, that by a solemn public proclamation under his own hand, he renounced his Redeemer. Almost within sight of the sepulchre of him, whose blood was shed for his redemption, he denied the Saviour of the world. What event seemed more inhospitable than this, for the accomplishment of divine prophecy? A victorious and blaspheming infidel, strong in his own confidence; is compelled at last to escape like a fugitive from justice, and to leave his army to the mercy of an exasperated and triumphant foe. The calamities with which this common disturber of mankind had lacerated Europe, have taught humility to mighty monarchs—they have been taught that their protection is not in their mighty armies, for these have been routed and dispersed—not in the strength of their fortifications, for these have been levelled with the ground—not in their capitals swarming with population; not in their proud and stately palaces, for these have been trodden by hostile feet, or reduced to ashes by hostile flames—they have been at last, by such tremendous visitations of Divine Justice, that their protection is only to be found in the favour of him whose existence Bonaparte, in the insolence inspired by his victories, and almost in the sight of HIS sepulchre, had denied. The sequel of this mighty catastrophe is well worthy of our attention. The victorious and blaspheming infidel is at last himself compelled twice to fly from his crown and sceptre, and to receive his life as a scornful boon from his now triumphant antagonists. The calamities with which Europe has been visited, have produced amongst European monarchs a league for their joint security in which all Christian powers are invited to become parties, in the name of HIM who was denied by Bonaparte—they have been taught to ascribe their victories to his superintending Providence, unlike their opponent who in those brilliant hours renounced his jurisdiction. May not this league, formed under such auspices, and under such circumstances be preparatory to the rescue of Palestine from the hands of the Turkish infidels, and consequently to the return of the Jews to Jerusalem.—This second crusade would then have been begun by a notorious and scoffing infidel, and be compleated by monarchs, who in the outset acknowledged themselves the subjects of their Redeemer.—That the accomplishment of some great prophecy is now evolving, scarcely a doubt can be entertained. Chateaubriand and Doctor Clark, both declare that the oppressed Jews and Christians of Palestine are anxiously awaiting the arrival of the hour when they shall be emancipated from bondage. Thus, it may hereafter be seen, that the monster of Atheism while labouring with an hundred hands, by victories abroad and murders at home, to extinguish christianity, in the full career of his triumphs, is but preparing the way for the accomplishment of divine prophecy; is but an humble and obedient, although an unconscious and reluctant agent in the hand of Divine Providence, to establish the empire of our Redeemer.

[*Fed. Rep. & Bal. Tel.*

LATEST FROM EUROPE.

Talleyrand has, it is stated, selected and obtained permission from the Austrian government, to take up his residence in Vienna. Murat and Thibaudeau, two devoted adherents of the family of Napoleon, also reside in the Austrian states; where the ex-queens of Naples and Holland have in like manner found an asylum.

LONDON, April 13.

The Paris papers, which arrived yesterday, contain a long report of the proceedings in the chamber of deputies on Monday last. The session was a most violent one. The president was so brow beaten, that he quitted the chair and the assembly under the strongest marks of agitation!

Mr. Laine, the chairman of the chamber of deputies, tendered his resignation to the king in consequence of the above storm. On the 8th, however, he took his seat as usual, and a letter from the duke de Richelieu was read, in which the king requested, and almost commanded Mr. Laine to retain his station at least till the discussions on the budget were closed.

The alarms excited by the excesses of the Barbary Powers in the Mediteranean, spread rapidly. A motion was made in the French chamber of peers, on the 9th, for an address to the king, praying him to order his minister for foreign affairs, to write to the several courts of Europe, for the purpose of opening general negociations with the Barbary powers, to determine them to respect the flags of foreign nations, and put an end to the reducing of christians to slavery. This proposition was well received, and will be shortly discussed in the peers.

The city of Bresslau, is going to erect a monument to Prince Blucher, at the expence of 30,000 dollars.

A FRIENDLY HUG.

From the Baltimore Telegraph.

It is natural to suppose that Mr. Clay entirely coincides with the kind wishes breathed by Mr. Adams in his toast. Whatever may have been his opinion in other times, he is now quite in love with the closest possible intercourse—and if not with England, at least with English ministers—if this nation can improve its portion of it to as great pecuniary advantage as Mr. Speaker has improved his share, Mr. Adams himself with thunder and lightning Williams, to rumble in aid of his eloquence, could not say too much in praise of the connexion. Our Kentuckian, it is said, has squeezed our newly arrived London ambassador Bagott, in one setting, out of 28,000 dollars, some say 90,000—but the former is more probably the truth. So much for play. A pretty hard hug! Ambassador Foster sustained a hug from the same hands to almost half that amount. Upon the whole, we think it likely that Mr. Clay will wish for peace henceforward---for, after all he has said, the PROFITS of peace and play' are full as enviable as the HONOURS of war and Bladensburgh.

☞ New Pews.

THE trustees of the First Presbyterian Congregation of the borough of Pittsburgh, have determined upon enlarging and repairing the church. They propose, by the plan adopted, to erect 61 new pews down stairs, and nine in the gallery. They have already obtained subscriptions for 52 new pews. A subscription paper is lodged in the hands of the *Rev. Mr. Herron*. Persons, therefore, desirous of availing themselves of the present opportunity of obtaining a pew, are invited to make early application to him. The pews, when completed, will be disposed of at public auction, to the highest bidder. No bid will be received from any other person than a subscriber; and, if there should not be pews sufficient to accommodate *all* the subscribers, such of them as may be disappointed, will have their subscription money returned.

By order of the board of trustees,
JOHN M. SNOWDEN, Sec'y.
Pittsburgh, June 6, 1816.

Allegheny County, ss.

(L. S.) IN the Court of Common Pleas for said County, in the Borough of Pittsburgh, on Saturday the 6th day of April, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixteen. On the petition of Conrad Acre, a prisoner in the jail of said county, praying to be discharged according to the provisions of the acts for the relief of insolvent debtors. The court order that he be brought before them at Pittsburgh, on Monday the 24th day of June next—that his petition and his creditors may be then heard—and that his creditors in Allegheny county, have at least 15 days previous personal notice thereof, and that his creditors residing out of Allegheny county have 15 days previous notice, by publication in the newspapers of the counties in which they reside, to shew cause, if any they have, why he should not be discharged. By the court.

Attest, E. PENTLAND, Pro.

IN pursuance of the above rule of court, I hereby give notice to my creditors to attend, if they please, at the time & place therein mentioned, & shew cause if any they have, which I should not be discharged agreeably to the insolvent laws of this commonwealth in such cases made and provided.

CONRAD ACRE.

Pittsburgh June 8, 1816.

NEW TOWN.

The Subscriber has laid out a number of

TOWN LOTS.

On the Pittsburgh Turnpike Road, 10 miles west of Greensburgh, to be designated by the name of

Jacksonville;

And will expose said Lots to Public Sale, on the premises, on *TUESDAY, 11th Instant.*

The fine situation of the place, and its numerous advantages as to public business, must be obvious to the public.

H. FULLERTON.

Greensburgh, June 1, 1816.

Vernon & Skidmore,

LOUISVILLE, (KEN.)

WILL receive Consignments, procure Freights for Boats for Pittsburgh or New-Orleans, make Purchases, Store and forward Goods, Wares, &c. &c. on moderate ters. For further particulars apply to ALLEN & GRANT, Pittsburgh

June 6, 1816. 3m

Specie Payments

CAN be avoided by all persons in arrears for Taxes or Duties, by their making payment to the Collector, or his deputies, previous to the first day of July next—and to give every aid in my power to those concerned, my Office will be open at the house of Mrs. M'Collough, in the City of Pittsburgh, from 10 o'clock on Thursday the 27th, until 10 o'clock, A. M on Saturday the 29th inst.

Those who do not avail themselves of this opportunity, will have no reason to complain, if they should meet with difficulty in obtaining that kind of money which will (after that time) be received by the Collector.

JAMES PATTERSON,
Collector of Revenue.

Collector's Office, June 1, 1816.

Look Here for a Bargain!

FOR SALE, a Lease for 4 years from the 1st of next April, of a Lot of Ground on the corner of St. Clair and Penn Streets, and near Davis's Ferry, on which is erected a small commodious frame House with a good cellar.

As a stand for transacting business in the Grocery Line, it is perhaps equal to any in the City.

If not Sold by the 26th inst. it will then be exposed to Sale at Public Auction.

For particulars enquire of Joseph Harris, or the subscriber near the premises.

THOMAS NORRISH.

Pittsburgh, June 5, 1816.

THEATRE.

On Friday evening, June 7, will be presented, Shakespear's celebrated comedy, in 3 acts, called

Catharine & Petruchio.

After which, a much admired comic opera, called

The Highland Reel.

For particulars, see bills.

And, that every person should have the opportunity of seeing the most splendid spectacle ever exhibited in Pittsburgh, on Saturday evening, June 8, will be presented, the grand romantic drama, called

Timour the Tartar;

OR, THE

Princess of Mingrelia.

Which will positively be the *last time*, of its being performed, as the scenery will be appropriated to other purposes.

With other Entertainments.

For particulars, see box bills.

MODIERE'S Journey through Persia, Armenia, and Asia Minor to Constantinople, 1 vol. 8vo. with 4 plates and a map.

Mawe's Travels in Brazil, 1 vol. 8vo. plates and Maps.

NEW NOVELS.
- Rhoda, 2 vols.
- The Heart and the Fancy, by Miss Benger, 1 vol.
- Paired not Matched, or Matrimony in the 19th Century.
- Varieties of Life, or Conduct and Consequences, 2 vols.
- Patience and Perseverance, 2 vols.
- Discipline, 2 vols.

Paul's Letters to his Kinsfolk, by Walter Scott.

Siege of Corinth, by Lord Byron.

AT R. PATTERSON'S
Bookstore, Fourth Street.
Pittsburgh, June 8, 1816.

WILLIAM HILL,

SOUTH EAST CORNER MARKET AND FOURTH STREETS,

Has received a large and general assortment of

MERCHANDIZE,

Which he offers for Sale on moderate terms, *wholesale* and *retail*, chiefly consisting of

SUPERFINE, second, habit and common cloths
Stockinetts, velvets, cords and cassimers
Flannels, blankets and baizes
Fancy and common waistcoatings
Super dressed and undressed prints
Common prints and plates
Ginghams, bombazetts, jeans and dimities
Cambrick, muil-muli, jaconet, and fancy figured muslin
Shirting and Coleram muslins
1 case assorted Irish Linen
Linen cambrick
Levantine, mantua and senebaw silks
Linen and cotton checks and domestic plaids
India and domestic muslin
Mens' and womens' silk, worsted and cotton hosiery
Levantine, damask and serge silk shawls,
Black Bombazetts, scarlet and flag Band. hdkfs.
Sup. and common Madrass handkerchiefs and cotton shawls
6-4 plain and figured silk lace
Laced and fancy silk handkerchiefs
Crapes and gauzes
Blue and yellow nankeen
Umbrellas and parasols
Hat covers
Ribbands, galloons, shoe and quality binding, sewing silks, silk twist, tapes, Scot's thread, suspenders, needles, pins No. 3 1-2 a 5
A great variety of fancy articles
Mens' coarse and fine shoes
Womens' morocco and leather shoes
Misses do. do. do.
Hatters morocco skins
Waldron's prime grass and corn Scythes by the dozen
Millington Crowley steel by the faggot
Swedish tub steel by the tub
A general assortment of Hardware and Queensware
First and second quality Madeira wine, Sherry, Teneriffe, Port, and French brandy, by the cask, keg, or gallon
First quality coffee by the barrel
Do. do. packed with loaf sugar
Gunpowder, young hyson, and hyson skin teas by the chest or keg
Chocolate, No. 1 and 2, by the box
Best Spanish Segars by the box
Cinnamon, nutmegs and cloves, by the lb.
Allum, copperas, brimstone, pepper, alspice, by the keg
Ginger, madder, Spanish and Bengal indigo, glue, by the keg
Herrings and Shad by the barrel.

Pittsburgh, June 4, 1815. *tf*

FOR SALE.

A TRACT of LAND, containing 400 acres, in Venango County, on the road leading from Pittsburgh to Erie, at the crossing of Sandy creek. On the premises are erected a Cabin and large Barn, about 40 acres cleared, and an orchard of 50 apple trees. On the tract is a bank of iron ore, and an eligible seat for a furnace and forge.

Also, one other Tract of Land, containing 389 acres 78 perches, situate on the road from Pittsburgh to Franklin, about 5 miles from the latter place. There is a Cabin and Barn, 18 acres cleared, and 37 bearing apple trees on it, a large bed of iron ore, and a creek runs through the land containing sufficient water for iron works. An indisputable title will be given. For further particulars apply to Mr JOHN DAVIS, at the lower ferry on the Allegheny River, Pittsburgh, who is fully authorised to make the sale and title.

ROBERT HYNER.

June 4, 1816.

N. B If not Sold at Private Sale before Saturday the 29th June, inst. it will on that day be Sold at Public Auction at the Court-House in the City of Pittsburgh.

Adjourned Court.

Prothonotary's Office, June 5, 1816.

An Adjourned Court of the Court of Common Pleas and General Quarter Sessions of the Peace for the county of Allegheny, for trials by Jury, will be held on the 4th Monday of this month, (24th) at which, the jurors summoned to attend on the first Monday of April last, and all persons bound by recognizance and all others concerned are required to attend.

E. PENTLAND, *Proth'y.*

MINERAL WATERS.

Soda and Seltzer Waters,

To be had at the corner of Wood and Second Streets.

The high estimation and general use of these Waters in all the populous cities of the union, are the best evidences of the salutary effects of this delightful and refreshing drink. The public are assured that the Waters will be prepared in the best manner.

Pittsburgh, June 6, 1816.

Valuable Improved Lands

FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers for Sale the following Property, to wit:—*One Tract of Land*, situate in Fayette township, Allegheny county, adjoining Noblesburgh, containing 250 acres, on which is erected an excellent Farm House, Barn and Stabling, a Horse Mill, and a Stone Distillery, in complete operation, about 150 acres cleared and in high cultivation, an excellent bearing Orchard, and a large quantity of Meadow—it is well watered with springs, and adjoining a place of Public Worship.

Also, *A Small Farm*, containing from 60 to 80 acres, more or less, on which is erected a Cabin, about 15 acres cleared, and an excellent Coal Bank on it.

Also, *One House* and *Lot* in Noblesburgh, with 7 acres of Ground attached thereto.

For terms, apply to the subscriber on the premises.

WILLIAM HERDMAN.

June 6, 1816.

WOOL CARDING.

THE Subscriber, grateful for the liberal share of patronage he has enjoyed, informs the Public, that his CARDING MACHINES are in complete order, and that Wool will be Carded at the former price, and at the shortest notice.

The Steam Fulling Mills

are also in complete operation. Having the best workmen employed in this business, he is enabled to execute all orders with which he may be favoured, in the neatest manner.—Persons sending Cloth to be dressed, may always depend on having it finished without delay.

He has now on hand a large quantity of dressed Cloth, ready for his customers, which he requests them to take away.

FOR SALE, AS ABOVE,

A large quantity of DOMESTIC BROADCLOTH, CASSINETTS, SATTINETTS, &c. which will be sold at low prices, for good endorsed notes at sixty, ninety and one hundred and twenty days.

☞ All persons indebted will confer a favour by discharging their accounts.

JAMES ARTHURS.

Pittsburgh, May 25, 1816. 3t

FOR SALE.

THE subscribers offer for sale, the following property belonging to the estate of THOMAS WALLACE, dec. viz. 1 lot fronting on Penn-street, sub-divided into building lots of 25 by 50 feet—one lot on Four by between Ferry-street and Redoubt alley—and 1 lot fronting on Redoubt alley, between Third and Fourth-streets. Also, one 10 acre out-lot situated near the town of Allegheny—all of which they will dispose of upon the most accommodating terms.

They will also have for lease for the term of 18 years, the tan yard formerly occupied by the deceased, subdivided into lots of 25 by 84 feet, fronting on third and fourth streets.

The lot to which the ferry on the Allegheny river at the mouth of Market street is attached will also be subdivided into building lots, subject to leases upon the same terms as above.

For further particulars, enquire of WILLIAM ROBINSON, Jun. or IRWIN WALLACE, who are authorised to make arrangements for the sale and lease of the above property.

GEORGE WALLACE,
WILLIAM ROBINSON, Jun.
MARY WALLACE,
IRWIN WALLACE.

Pittsburgh June 8, 1816.

LOTS FOR SALE,

IN THE CITY OF PITTSBURGH.

THE Subscribers being appointed by the President of the United States joint Commissioners for the purpose of selling certain LOTS in the City of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, the property of the United States, in pursuance of an Act of Congress, passed 2d August, A. D. 1815: In virtue of the said appointment, they will expose for Sale at Public Vendue,

Lots No. 55, 56, 57, & 58.

Being part of the site of Fort Fayette, bounded by the Allegheny River, Hand and Penn Streets and an Alley.

These Lots are subdivided into building Lots so as to accommodate purchasers; a plot of which can be seen any time previous to the Sale, upon application to either of the Subscribers. The Sales will be held on Saturday the 8th day of June next, on the premises, and will commence at 2 o'clock, P. M. precisely. These Lots are as eligible as any vacant Lots in the City.

TERMS OF SALE.

One-third of the purchase money to be paid at the time of Sale, the other two-thirds to be paid in two equal instalments at 90 and 180 days—the payment to be secured by good notes with an approved endorser. Deeds will be made by the United States to the purchasers respectively, when the whole of the purchase money is paid. The title of the United States is indisputable.

A. TANNEHILL, }
A. R. WOOLLEY, } Commissioners.

Pittsburgh, April 24, 1816. 7t

The Treasurer

OF the Greensburgh and Pittsburgh Road Company, will attend at the House of WILLIAM MURROW, in the City of Pittsburgh, on the 11th, 12th, 13th, and 14th of June next, for the purpose of receiving instalments in arrear, and others. On the 15th of June, he will by express order of the Board, institute suits for the recovery of the arrearages and the interest due thereon, agreeable to law.

WILLIAM FREIDT, *Treasurer.*

24th May, 1816.

Connemagh Salt.

THE subscribers have appointed LATSHAW & M'MILLAN, sole Agents in Pittsburgh, for the Sale of the SALT made at the Connemagh Works. A constant supply will be kept at their Warehouse in Second Street, the corner of Smithfield Street.

WILLIAM JOHNSTON,
ANDREW BOGGS.

May 28, 1816.

John & Robert Griffith,

FROM THE STAFFORDSHIRE POTTERIES ENGLAND.

(LAST FROM NEW-JERSEY.)

Having commenced the Manufacturing

OF

EARTHEN WARE.

AT this place, take the liberty of informing their friends and the public, that they can be supplied with the following articles, warranted to be equal to any of the kind imported

Black and Brown glazed Coffee POTS,

Teapots, Jugs, Sugar Dishes, Milkpots, &c.

ALL ORDERS in their line, addressed to any of the principal COMMISSION MERCHANTS in the place will be thankfully received and promptly executed.

BIRMINGHAM, near Pittsburgh, July 6, 1815.

FOR SALE OR RENT.

THE property lately occupied by the subscriber as a factory—together with two dwelling-houses at the corner of Liberty Street and Diamond Alley. It will be sold or rented together or separately, on reasonable terms.

ALSO FOR SALE,

300 acres of Land, on the head waters of Pine Creek, about 13 miles from Pittsburgh. Title indisputable.

GEORGE COCHRAN of R'd.

March 8, 1816.

Just received by the Subscriber, at his Store in Market Street, between Second and Third Streets, a general assortment of

Dry Goods, Groceries, and Hardware,

which will be disposed of, wholesale and retail, on the most reasonable terms.

Also, for Sale, a few barrels *Tanners Oil*, and 20 boxes *Spanish Segars*.

ABISHAI WAY.

Pittsburgh August 7, 1815.

W. CLOSEY,

BOOT AND SHOEMAKER.

RESPECTFULLY informs the public, that he has commenced said business, in the establishment of Mr. JAMES RIDDLE, who has declined in his favor.—Having been foreman to him for three years, and held a similar situation in some of the principal shops of Europe and America.—He assures the public, that he will keep the best materials, and pay the strictest attention to all commands.—He hopes from his knowledge and experience in the business, to give general satisfaction, and thereby merit a share of public patronage.

Warranted water-proof boots, made to order.
Back-strap and cossack military croff top, do.
Back-strap, patent, French and plain top, do.
Fashionable cossack, do.
Gentlemens' bootees, of all descriptions, do.
Dress and walking shoes, do.
Morocco and common leather dress pomps, do.
Gentlemens' morocco and common leather morning slippers, do.
Over-shoes of all descriptions, do.

Ladies' common leather, morocco and nankeen bootees, made on the newest and most approved London plans, at his WHOLESALE and RETAIL, BOOT and SHOE ware-house, Market, between Front and Water-streets, Pittsburgh.

March 23, 1816. 3mts.

Monongahela Bridge.

WE the subscribers, being the nine first named persons in the letters patent issued by the Governor of this Commonwealth, bearing date the 26th day of April, 1816, Incorporating the Stockholders for erecting a Bridge over the River Monongahela, opposite Pittsburgh, in the County of Allegheny, do hereby give notice to the Subscribers to the Stock of the said Bridge, to meet at the house of WILLIAM MORROW, in Pittsburgh, at 12 o'clock on MONDAY the 10th day of JUNE next, to proceed to organize the said Corporation, and choose by a majority of votes, to be taken by ballot, to be delivered either in person or by proxy, one President, twelve Managers, one Treasurer, and one Clerk, to conduct the business of the Company during one year, and until other Officers be chosen.

WILLIAM WILKINS,
JAMES ROSS,
O. ORMSBY,
GEO. ANSHUTZ,
JAMES O'HARA,
C. LATSHAW,
DAVID PRIDE,
JOHN THAW,
THOMAS FAIRD.

Pittsburgh, May 10, 1816.

To Bridge Builders.

THE necessary amount of Stock having been subscribed, and the Governor of Pennsylvania having Incorporated the Company for erecting a Bridge over the Monongahela River, opposite the City of Pittsburgh; Architects and Bridge Builders, are invited to examine the site, and make proposals for the erection of this Bridge The Board of Managers will be ready to enter into a contract by the 15th day of next month.

JAMES ROSS,
JOHN THAW,
PHILIP GILLAND,
SAMUEL DOUGLASS,
JACOB BELTZHOOVER,
WILLIAM WILKINS,
DAVID PRIDE,
THOMAS BAIRD,
OLIVER ORMSBY.

Pittsburgh, May 10, 1816.

Note.—The Stock is also subscribed for the erection of a Bridge over the Allegheny River. The proximity of the sites of these two Bridges will render it perfectly convenient for the same person to undertake the construction of both.

BIRMINGHAM.

THE Subscriber, having laid off part of his property in the Town of Birmingham into LOTS suitable for the erection of Dwellings, offers them for Sale at reasonable prices, upon the following terms:—$ 10 payable in hand, and the residue as follows—$ 1 per week—$ 4 per month, or $ 15 per quarter, at the option of the purchaser, *without interest*.

On the payment of the purchase money, or satisfactory security being given for the same, Deeds will be made to the purchaser, with general warranty, *clear from ground rent*, or any incumbrance whatever.

A Plan can be seen at the Office of JAMES M. RIDDLE, Esq. in the Diamond, Pittsburgh, and at the house of the Subscriber in Birmingham.

JAMES PATTERSON.

February 7, 1816. tf

Hardware, at reduced Prices.

FOR WESTERN BANK PAPER.

MICHAEL KIMMEL,

No. 4, north Howard Street,
BALTIMORE.

IS now opening 502 packages assorted CUTLERY, SADDLERY, PLATED, BRASS, and JAPANNED WARE, BUTTONS, &c. &c. and a further supply expected in the spring ships.

It will be worth the attention of purchasers to call, as those goods have been purchased for cash in England. The assortment will be sold low for Cash, or on a liberal credit for acceptances in the city. February 12, 1816.

Just received and for sale—by

ORMSBY and DOANE,

LIVERPOOL ware in crates,
Coffee, first and second quality, } by the bar'l.
Loaf and lump sugar, }
Brandy, rum & Jamaica spirits, }
Madeira, Sherry, Port, Lisbon, Teneriffe and Malaga, wines.
Young hyson and imperial teas.
Pepper, alspice, mustard, ginger, } in kegs.
allum, copperas, brimstone, madder, indigo and whiting, }
Prunes, filberts, ground-nuts, cocoa-nuts, oranges and lemons.
Cinnamon, cloves and nutmegs, by the lb.
Chocolate and Spanish segars, by the box.
Bloom and Muscatel raisins, in boxes.
Raisins and figs, in kegs and frails.
Scotch herrings, in boxes.
Mackarel and herrings, in barrels.
Windsor, English and Boston soap, in boxes.
American white and rosin, do.
Mens, womens and children's shoes.
Bright and black rice.
Anvils with single and double horns.
Waldrons' best corn and grass scythes.
Tacks, sprigs, trunk locks and handles, in boxes.
Spades and shovels, American and English.
Frying-pans, German and patent straw-knives.
English blister and cast steel.
English and American crowly steel.

A small invoice of looking-glasses assorted: together with their stock on hand, consisting of castings, bar-iron, nails, salt, shot, glass, and a variety of Pittsburgh manufactured articles, which they offer in large or small lots, to suit purchasers, on moderate terms.

Pittsburgh, March 23, 1816 tf

Valuable Property for Rent.

The Subscriber offers for RENT *on*

PERPETUAL LEASE,

the following Valuable Property:—

ONE LOT of GROUND, on the corner of Water and Ferry Streets, 35 feet in front on Water Street, and 98 feet deep on Ferry Street.

TWO LOTS, adjoining the above, bounded on one side by Water Street, and the other by Front Street. These Lots are each 35 feet in front, and in depth 160 feet.

Also, ONE LOT, in Market Street, between Front and Second Streets, 23 feet front, and 70 feet in depth—with all the improvements.

The property will be shewn, and the terms, for the whole or any part, made known on application to the subscriber.

WILLIAM HAMILTON.

Pittsburgh, April 27, 1816.

JENNINGS
Patent Steam Bath.

ANY person desirous to be informed upon this highly interesting subject, may see a copy of a number of letters and certificates from Citizens and Physicians of the first distinction, setting forth the great value of this simple, delightful and highly useful medical agent. No man, having charge of a family, ought to be without one constantly in his house.

FOR SALE, BY

J. P. & J. W. SKELTON, *Druggists, Wood Street,*

WHO HAVE JUST RECEIVED, A VERY EXTENSIVE SUPPLY OF

Fresh Drugs, Medicines, Paints, &c.

Pittsburgh, February 9, 1816. tf

WILLIAMS'S
Wholesale and Retail
STORE,

MARKET BETWEEN THIRD & FOURTH STREETS.

The following GROCERIES, just received, and offered wholesale and retail, on accommodating terms, viz:—

Best green Coffee — Pepper
Common do. — Allum
Young Hyson Tea — Copperas
Nutme — Madder
Cloves — Indigo, Bengal & Spanish
Cinnamon — Rosin Soap
Alspice

ELIAS WILLIAMS.

Pittsburgh, February 16, 1816.

FLAX WANED.

WANTED by the subscribers, thirty or forty TONS OF GOOD SCUTCHED OR SWINGLED FLAX, for which the highest price will be given in Cash, at the *Western Flax Spinning and Linen Manufactory*, on the Turnpike Road leading from Pittsburgh to Greensburgh, one quarter of a mile from the Mansion House of John Woods, Esq.; at *Matthew Stewart's* Nail Manufactory, north end of Market Street, and at *John Reed's*, four mile Ferry, on the Allegheny.

STEWART & REED.

July 4, 1815.

Land for Sale.

THE Subscriber offers for Sale that Valuable *FARM* situate in New-Sewickly Township, Beaver County, Pennsylvania, containing 414 Acres, bounded on the Ohio River, and by Lands of Captain Sholes and others — There is about 120 or 130 acres of Land cleared on said Farm. There is between 60 and 70 acres of first rate bottom, all in a good state of cultivation, on the said Ohio River, and the remainder wood land. There is also on the premises, two Log Dwelling Houses, with shingled roofs, and two Cabbins, 8 or 10 acres of meadow, with about 40 or 50 young Apple Trees, and a number of Peach Trees. Several streams of excellent water run through the premises, headed by never failing springs, with a number of small springs; also, a Log Barn with a shingled roof The title indisputable. For terms apply to

AARON MORTON.

April 30, 1816.

WILLIAM MASSON,

SAIL MAKER, PITTSBURGH.

BEGS leave to inform the public, that he has received from Philadelphia, a quantity of RUSSIA SAIL DUCK; also, a quantity of BLOCKS of various sizes, and that he is ready to receive orders from any place to make SAILS for Boats, or Vessels of any size. Likewise, SACKEN BOTTOMS, either of Country Cloth or Russia Duck.

From an experience of 20 years following the Sea, he flatters himself he will be able to give satisfaction to those who may want any thing in his line.

Pittsburgh, February 13, 1815.

N. B. Blocks and Rigging will be completely fitted, and Boats rigged in any manner that may be required. He will also draw drafts of Vessels, by which Rigging can be made to the exact quantity.

DOCTOR CHISHOLM'S
Anti-Bilious Pills,

Of a quality superior to any thing of the kind ever offered as a GENERAL MEDICINE, in this Country.

NOW prepared from a recipe of the celebrated *Dr. Chisholm*, who, from a long residence in the West-India Islands, has been enabled to favor the world with the most complete history, and most approved methods of curing all the BILIOUS DISEASES of those warm climates.

This extraordinary Medicine, which now for the first time is finding its way into general practice, has properties in the highest degree superior to the mercurial nostrums so frequently recommended by the name of *Anti-Bilious Pills*. The extraordinary powers of this medicine as a solvent and evacuent of Bile, is without example; never producing debility or injuring the health, in the smallest degree, of the most delicate child or weakly female:

The BILIOUS HEAD-ACHE, so much complained of in this country, and in the neighbourhood of rivers, is often removed by a single dose, which, to a strong man, is only five pills, and to a weakly woman, three. The same dose will generally remove the most excruciating pains of the cholic, like a charm, by abusing the bile to pass downwards in the course of an hour or two.

Two or three Pills taken an hour before dinner, and repeated every third day, will effectually remove those diseases arising from flatulency and indigestion, and by perseverng in the use of them for a considerable time, the appetite will be improved, and strength and vigor will return.

Two Pills taken at bed time, with a cup of penny-royal tea, and repeated every second night, will effectually remove *Rheumatic pains* wherever seated.

A single Pill, taken every fourth hour with a cup of flaxseed tea, will cure *Pleurisy*, promote expectoration, and relieve coughs and colds.

In CONSUMPTIVE CASES and DISEASES OF THE LIVER, no medicine ever yet discovered, has been known to perform such cures. Two Pills taken every third morning, will be found sufficient, unless costiveness prevails; in which case the dose may be increased according to the strength or constituton.

The *Dysentery*, *Croup*, and *Summer Complaint* on children, are soon relieved by a few doses. A single Pill to a child of 6 years old, and the dose increased according to their strength and age.

In *Asthmatic* or *Phthisical* cases, where the laborious breathing and great oppression, with faintings, are fast sinking the patient to the brink of the grave, a few Pills, taking one every hour, with fennel or pepper-mint tea, will often enable the patient to walk about in a few hours.

The above valuable Medicine is Sold ONLY *in Pittsburgh, by*

J. P. & J. W. SKELTON,
at their Wholesale and Retail Apothecary and Drug Store.

JOHN BAIRD,

MERCHANT TAYLOR,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public, that he has removed from his stand in Market Street to the Brick House in the Diamond, next door to Mr. Robert Getty's, From his long experience and the strict attention which he is determined to pay to business, he flatters himself he will receive his usual share of public patronage, and from the neat and fashionable manner in which all work will be finished, that he will give entire satisfaction to his customers.

Pittsburgh, April 12, 1816.

FOUR OR FIVE JOURNEYMEN,

Who are good workmen, will receive constant employment and generous wages. Apply as above.

Seventy-five Cents Cash,

WILL BE GIVEN FOR GOOD

Merchantable FLAXSEED,

By applying to

GILLAND & CO.

Corner of Market and Fourth Streets, Pittsburgh.

COLUMBIAN
STEAM ENGINES.

THE PITTSBURGH STEAM ENGINE CO. INFORM the publick that their establishment is in complete operation, on an extensive scale, and consists of a

Steam Engine Factory;
AN
AIR FOUNDERY;
AN
ANCHOR AND ANVIL FACTORY;
A
BRASS FOUNDERY;
A
PATTERN MAKER'S SHOP & MACHINES for Boring and Turning in Iron and Wood;
AND A
Screw Manufactory

which furnishes all kinds of large Screws, such as for Rolling and Slitting Mills, Paper Mills, Fuller's & Tobacco, Millstone Screws, &c. &c.

Orders in any of the above lines of business will be executed at very short notice.

Pittsburgh, April 16, 1816.

TO BE LET,

An eligible Stand for Business,

on Market Street, opposite Kerr's Hotel.—Also, one other, situate in the Diamond.

Apply to,

WILLIAM HILL, S. E. Corner Market and Fourth Streets.

Pittsburgh, May 6, 1816.

Messrs. Bosler & Co.

Have just received from LEE'S PATENT *and* FAMILY MEDICINE STORE, *New-York.*

A FRESH SUPPLY OF THE FOLLOWING

GENUINE MEDICINES.

Dr HAMILTON'S

Grand Restorative.

Prepared (only) by H. LEE, No. 56, Maiden Lane, New-York.

The proprietor of HAMILTON'S RESTORATIVE DROPS confidently recommends it as an invaluable medicine, for the speedy relief and cure of permanent

Nervous Disorders — Violent Cramps in the stomach and back
Consumptions — Indigestion
Lowness of Spirits — Melancholy
Loss of Appetite — Gout in the stomach
Impurity of Blood — Pains in the Limbs
Hysterical Affections — Relaxations, &c
Inward Weaknesses

This Medicine is perfectly different in its qualities and operation from those hot and irritating drugs so frequently proposed for similar purposes, which only recommend themselves by the dangerous rapidity of their effects—and which, acting as a temporary, but violent stimulus on the nervous system, infallibly produces greater evils than those which they are intended to remove.

The principal operation of this medicine is in the stomach, restoring the digestive power, and sending from that organ new health and vigor into every part of the system; it enriches and purifies the blood without stimulating, too violently, the nervous system; strengthens the secretory vessels and general habits, brings back the muscular fibres to their natural and healthy tone, and restores that autrition which immoderate evacuations have destroyed, and whose loss had thrown the whole frame into languor and debility.

The restorative is absolutely above all commendation in removing those weaknesses and infirmities with which many females are afflicted, the consequences of difficult and painful labours, or of injudicious treatment therein.

In cases of extremity, where the long prevalence and obstinacy of disease have brought on a general impoverishment of the system, excessive debility of the whole frame, and a wasting of the flesh, which no nourishment or cordial could repair.

The Grand Restorative is prepared in Pills, as well as in fluid form, which assists considerably in producing a gradual and lasting effect

---

HAMILTON'S
Worm Destroying Lozenges.

Which have cured an immense number of persons of both sexes, of every age, and in every situation, of various dangerous complaints arising from worms, and from obstructions of foulness in the stomach and bowels.

Hahn's Anti-Bilious Pills,

Celebrated for the mildness of their operation, &c. for being the best known remedy for cleansing the stomach and bowels.

HAMILTON'S

ESSENCE & EXTRACT OF MUSTARD,

A safe and effectual remedy for Rheumatisms, Gout, Palsy, Sprains and Bruises, White Swellings, old Strains and Relaxations, Numbness and Weaknesses of the Neck, Pains of the Side, Headache, Swelled Faces, Frozen Limbs, and every similar complaint. It prevents Chilblains or Chopped Hands, and the ill effects of getting wet or damp in the feet.

THE GENUINE PERSIAN LOTION,

So celebrated among the fashionable thro'out Europe, in preventing and removing blemishes of the face and skin, freckles, pimples, inflammatory redness, scurfs, tetters, ringworms, sunburns, prickly heat, &c.

THE RESTORATIVE POWDER,

For the Teeth and Gums.

This excellent preparation comforts and strengthens the gums, preserves the enamel from decay, and cleanses and whitens the teeth, by absorbing all the acrimonious slime and foulness, which, suffered to accumulate, never fails to injure and finally ruin them.

HAMILTON'S ELIXIR.

Celebrated for the cure of colds, obstinate coughs, asthmas, and approaching consumptions, and a certain remedy for the whooping cough.

HAHN'S GENUINE EYE WATER.

A sovereign remedy for all diseases of the eyes, whether the effect of natural weakness or accident.

TOOTH ACHE DROPS.

The only remedy yet discovered which gives immediate and lasting relief in the most severe instances.

ITCH CURED.

LEE'S OINTMENT FOR THE ITCH.

Warranted an infallible remedy at one application, may be used with perfect safety on infants a week old, not containing a particle of mercury or any dangerous ingredient whatever and not accompanied with that tormenting smart which attends the application of other remedies.

LEE'S
INFALLIBLE
AGUE & FEVER DROPS.
For the cure of Agues, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers.

HAHN'S
True & Genuine German Corn Plaister.

NOTE. The above GENUINE MEDICINES are prepared (only) by H. LEE, (widow of *Richard Lee*, deceased) No. 56, Maiden Lane, N. York, and

SOLD, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL BY

BOSLER & CO.

Front Street, between Market and Wood Streets, Pittsburgh.

☞ *Druggists and Country Storekeepers, will be treated with on liberal terms.*

CURE FOR COUGHS, COLDS, &c.

Hamilton's Elixir,

A SOVEREIGN REMEDY for Colds, obstinate Coughs, Asthmas, Sore Throats, and approaching Consumptions, and most disorders of the breast and lungs.

A SINGLE TRIAL

Will prove, that it restores the determination of the fluid to the surface of the body, and brings on the common healthful perspiration; that it dislodges and evacuates the tough viscid phlegm or mucus, strengthens the weakened vessels of the lungs, sheathes the acrimonious humor which irritates them, and finally discharges it. Thus striking at the root of the disorder, the symptoms are of course effectually and permanently conquered; the reverse of common medicines, which weaken the constitution and give strength to the disorder, for the sake of moderating for the present some of its painful effects.

To parents who have children afflicted with the HOOPING COUGH, this discovery is of the first magnitude, as it affords immediate relief, checks the progress, and in a short time entirely removes the most cruel disorders to which children are liable. The Elixir is so perfectly agreeable, and the dose so small, that no difficulty arises in taking it.

TO H. LEE.

Being desirous to make public, for the good of others, the excellent quality of HAMILTON'S ELIXIR, prepared by the late Mr. Lee, I have sent you the following account of the benefit I have received from it, which I hope will induce others to give it a trial. In consequence of a bruise on the breast received from a fall, my health grew bad, my breathing became very difficult, and frequently I have had to rise up in my bed, with all the horrors of immediate suffocaton. Add to these a constant pain in my breast, and a cough, a great loss of strength and flesh, and you may conceive that my symptoms evidently indicated approaching consumption. The advise of a most eminent physician was resorted to, and afterwards a second was called in, but without giving me any relief. Another physician who knew me and the circumstances of my case, *advised me to give Hamilton's Elixir a trial*, saying, *he had used it in his practice, and always found it to do much good*. A bottle was procured from Mr. Birch's, and *I found relief before I had taken half of it*. I continued to use it, and was soon strong enough to attend to business. On taking cold some of my former symptoms return, but are always removed by a dose or two of the Elixir.

GEORGE BENNER, Jr.
No. 11, Budd Street, Philadelphia.

The public are respectfully informed, that the above MEDICINE is prepared (only) by the SOLE PROPRIETOR, H. LEE, No. 56, Maiden Lane, New-York, and sold, wholesale and retail, by

BOSLER & CO.
Front Street, Pittsburgh.

Where may be seen an extensive list of cures certified by some of the most respectable citizens in the United States.

February 16, 1816.

Groceries and Boat STORES.

JAMES M'CAY,

Water Street, between Market and Ferry Streets,

HAS on hand, and keeps constantly for Sale, on the most liberal terms, the following articles, viz:—

Liquors and Groceries,

of all kinds, and of the best quality.

PROVISIONS of every description.

☞ BOAT STORES put up on the shortest notice, and on the most accommodating terms to the purchaser.

Pittsburgh, February 28, 1816. 6m

Real Estate for sale.

THE whole of the HOUSE and LOT now occupied by Mr. William Morrow, Sign of the Green Tree, on the corner of Fourth and Wood Streets, Pittsburgh. The House is large, and is well calculated for both Store and Tavern, or any kind of Public business. The Lot is 120 feet on Wood Street, and 60 feet on Fourth Street.

ALSO,

A small HOUSE and LOT on Ferry Street, between Front and Second Streets, occupied by Mrs. Dobbins, subject to a ground rent of $40 per annum. For terms apply to JOHN ARNSTON, Esq. Postmaster, Pittsburgh, or to the subscriber in Allegheny Town, opposite Pittsburgh.

HUGH DAVIS.

October 14, 1815. tf

TO FARMERS.

THE following valuable TRACTS of LAND, situate on Conequenessing and Brush creeks, in North Sewickly township, Beaver county, Penn. are offered for Sale.

No. 190, containing 200 acres On this Tract there are about 30 acres cleared, and the greatest part is rich bottom—on the premises are a good framed dwelling house, one story high, with a good garret in which is one large room and a sleeping room—a framed kitchen adjoining of a good size, with a cellar underneath, and a spring house before the door, the water of an excellent quality—the tenant is under obligation to build a barn—A house of worship about 80 rods distant.

No. 178, containing 132 acres or thereabouts, in this Tract about 20 acres are cleared, from which no crop has as yet been raised, the greater part bottom—the land of an excellent quality—to this tract is attached the one-third right in a saw-mill and a small quantity of land adjoining.

No. 173, containing 200 acres, is almost entirely bottom land on Brush creek—about 30 acres cleared—this tract is exceedingly rich and fertile, fit for meadow or corn ground.

No. 184. The undivided fourth part of 200 acres, near the iron works of Doctor Bass—the soil good.

ALSO—Several Lots in the Town of Stonerville.

The three first Tracts are situate 9 miles from the Town of Beaver, from one-fourth to one mile from the great road from Beaver to Mercer, and about five miles from Harmony—there are four grist mills distant from one and an half to five miles.

Farmers wishing to purchase *good lands* are invited to view the premises, and for further information to call on the subscriber. The title is indisputable, and the terms easy, and to accommodate farmers either Tract will be sold separate, or the whole together. tf.

JAMES M. RIDDLE, *Land Broker.*

Pittsburgh, August 30, 1815.

Jeremiah Neave & Son

OF CINCINNATI, OHIO.

Have erected a large and commodious

Brick Warehouse and Cellars

FOR the receiving of all kinds of MERCHANDIZE, MANUFACTURES & PRODUCE for Storage and Sale on COMMISSION, for forwarding by the River, to Country Merchants.

BILLS and DEBTS collected and punctually remitted PURCHASES made, and generally all BROKERAGE and Commission Business transacted.

Cincinnati, February 1816.